

THE SUN IS READ EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK BY MORE PEOPLE IN PADUCAH AND McCRACKEN COUNTY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER.

The Paducah Sun.

LOOK THROUGH THE NEWS COLUMNS OF THE SUN AND COMPARE THEM WITH THE OTHER PADUCAH PAPERS AND SEE WHY

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PADUCAH, KY., FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1905.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

KUROPATKIN STARTS FOR ST. PETERSBURG

His Dismissal is Regarded as Another Russian Blunder.

Battle Reported in Progress Near Tie Ling--The New Commander.

London, Mar. 17.—The Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent reports a fierce battle proceeding north of Tie Ling.

Russia Blunders Again.

London, Mar. 17.—Critics believe that Russia erred in recalling Kuropatkin. They think him abler than other Russian generals and more familiar with Jap methods. Experts always held him blameless for the defeats. The Japs are pleased at his recall.

Names Chief of Staff.

St. Petersburg, Mar. 17.—General Soukhomlenoff has named his staff chief, with Linevich Kuropatkin's successor. A temporary war council will be organized in Manchuria. The official Messenger mentions Kuropatkin's dismissal briefly, with no reference to distinguished services.

Succeeds Kuropatkin.

St. Petersburg, Mar. 17.—It is officially announced that Kuropatkin will be replaced by General Linevich, as commander-in-chief of the Manchurian army.

Serious Reverses.

London, Mar. 17.—St. Petersburg dispatch to the Times gives unconfirmed reports that the Russian army sustained a severe reverse at Tie Pass, involving the abandonment of their remaining artillery, and that the Japanese have cut the railway north of Changtufu forty miles above Tie Pass.

Retreat Cut Off.

London, Mar. 17.—An unconfirmed report received says the Japs have cut off the Russian retreat. Opinions are divided as to whether the Russians will retreat steadily northward or try a junction with the Vladivostok forces. It is believed that the fresh Japanese army which sailed in January has landed near Vladivostok.

Took Many Prisoners.

Tokio, Mar. 17.—Late dispatches say that the Japs captured many prisoners at Tie Ling. The Russians burned large quantities of stores before evacuating.

Left for St. Petersburg.

London, Mar. 17.—A Central News agency dispatch says that Kuropatkin left Tie Ling Wednesday night on a special train for St. Petersburg.

The Alliance Weakening.

Birmingham, Mar. 17.—The Post says Russia is about to withdraw special privileges to French war correspondents. This is regarded as a sign of a weakening of the Franco-Russian alliance.

LOST 10,000 KILLED.

Paris, Mar. 17.—A Petit Journal St. Petersburg dispatch says that Gen. Kuropatkin lost eighty guns and nineteen thousand killed and wounded at Tie Ling.

More About the Battle.

London, Mar. 17.—From a dispatch to the Telegraph from Simminin, descriptive of the battle of Mukden, it appears that Kuropatkin left for Tie Pass on horseback March 8, his staff following by train the next day.

March 10, the Cossacks began looting in Mukden and maddened with drink, committed the wildest excesses and robberies and killed numerous civilians. The Russians' retreat from Mukden Station was well executed until it was discovered that a cordon of Japanese in the rear, two and a half miles from town, was nearly complete, when the retreat became flight.

The Russian left army, comprising 150,000 men, according to the same dispatch, were cut off by the Japanese, but forced marches executed a junction with the main body at Tie Pass in three days.

The Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio learns that the Japanese left

army advanced towards Mukden at flying speed, and the last four days, covered respectively 35, 36, 30 and 15 miles. One force sent specially to search for Kuropatkin and staff, but they had already gone.

The battlefield, especially in the vicinity of Likampu, five miles west of the railroad, presents a terrible sight. Fully two thousand bodies are still lying on the field. This locality was the scene of the fiercest fight of the left armies.

A division of Japanese attacked Likampu and a small village south and drove Russians out, inflicting serious loss. The Russians being reinforced counter-attacked the village, driving out the Japanese and inflicting enormous losses. The thirty-third regiment, south of the village, was practically annihilated, receiving in front and on the flank an artillery fire before the infantry attacked.

The Japanese dead were piled in heaps behind the low mud walls of the village. The Russian dead were scattered over the field, almost carpeting it. There were also evidences of desperate hand to hand fighting near the village. Bodies of Japanese and Russians were piled together in scores. Likampu was the scene of a fierce street and house-to-house struggle. Every street, lane and compound wall shows its heap of dead. Many buildings were burned, cremating wounded who crawled into them for shelter.

RACE WAR BREWING.

In Mississippi, Two Officers and Two Negroes Dead.

Greenville, Miss., Mar. 17.—Officers who went from here to arrest the negroes who shot Deputies Duke and Leonard at Dudley last night returned with two dead negroes and two prisoners. The dead men were killed during a battle between the officers and the negroes assembled in a house where it was believed the suspect was hiding. Much excitement prevails and it is feared the affair will lead to more serious results.

Caught a Robber.

Iowa City, Iowa, Mar. 17.—Clifford Brown, operator of the Rock Island railway at Oxford, was attacked by highwaymen while removing mail from a train. Brown overpowered his assailant and held him prisoner at revolver's point until officers came. The fellow gave his name as Larry Mangovan of Iowa City, and is now in jail at Oxford.

Brothers Killed.

Chicago, Mar. 17.—Charles J. and M. H. Linka, brothers and stone contractors, were found dead in a shanty office yesterday. They met to settle a dispute over profits. The police think Charles killed his brother and then himself.

Don't Want Philippines.

Washington, Mar. 17.—Japanese Minister Takahira denies that Japan wants the Philippines, as Congressman Hull, of the house military committee, is quoted as saying in an Iowa interview.

The Strenuous Life for Chickens.

Marion, O., Mar. 17.—Dr. E. O. Richardson, the poultry expert who recently claimed he was able to reduce the hatching time from 21 to 19 1-2 days, now says he can make a hen lay two eggs daily.

Hermit Found Dead.

Topeka, Kan., Mar. 17.—Frank Burret, a 60-year-old hermit, has been found dead in a tumbled-down shack. The man's face and hands and feet had been eaten away by rats.

Cut by Hay Knife.

Evansville, Ind., Mar. 17.—L. J. Barnett of Warrick county, Ind., was nearly cut in two by a hay knife falling on him. He will die.

WORDY WAR TODAY IN HOLLAND CASE

Judge Reed Objected to Defense's Statement.

The Judge Had to Order Less Exciting Words—First Witness Testified Today.

MUCH INTEREST SHOWN IN CASE

Benton, Ky., Mar. 17.—A clash between the opposing counsel in the Holland case came today during the statement of Col. Hendrick, for the defense.

Judge Reed objected to a statement of what was said by Sheriff Holland to his friend just preceding the killing.

In the war of words which followed, Judge Brown admonished the counsel that he would exert his full authority to suppress any disturbance.

The statement referred to was permitted to go to the jury.

Geo. M. Cox, of Clinton, was the first witness. He testified that he saw the killing. Holland and Keys were ten feet apart. He heard Keys say, "You are a G—d—llar," and then saw Holland fire two shots.

Keys began to fall, and the witness fled from the scene. A rigid cross examination failed to shake his testimony, but developed the admission that the witness had not told anyone of his knowledge of the facts until several months after the killing.

A great deal of interest is being shown in the case, and the courtroom is crowded with spectators, while the town is full of witnesses and others interested in the trial.

The jury was secured yesterday late, and is as follows:

W. G. Jones, A. D. Rudolph, Chas. Waldrop, A. C. Faith, J. L. Cole, R. F. Ford, R. F. Morrison, Joe M. Houser, Joe M. Humphrey, Henry A. Story, Richard Kelley and Thos. A. Robertson.

There is a strong array of talent on both sides. On the side of the commonwealth, are W. M. Reed, S. H. Crossland, A. D. Thompson, Jno. G. Lovett, commonwealth's attorney, and County Attorney Geo. C. Edwards. For the defense, Jas. B. Garnett, Jno. K. Hendrick, J. C. Coleman, Will Linn, A. J. G. Wells, J. M. Fisher and N. B. Barnett.

AGAINST CARMACK.

Ex-Gov. Taylor Will Probably Make the Race for the Senate.

Nashville, Tenn., March 17.—While he will make no statement for publication, it is evident that unless Ex-Gov. Taylor changes his mind, he will be a candidate for Senator against Carmack two years hence. The ex-governor is very caustic in his criticism of the alleged "snap caucus" and of some of the men who brought it about and he is tuning his fiddle for a senatorial campaign from Carter to Shelby next year. The genial lecturer says he knows the masses are for him over any man in the state, and next year, if he is of his present frame of mind, he is going to prove it.

The President in New York.

New York, Mar. 17.—President Roosevelt is here a guest of honor to-night of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick.

At Delmonico's a spread will be set and a dispensation of the pope allows the banqueters to eat anything on the menu. After the address the president attends a dinner of the Sons of the American Revolution at Hotel Astor. It is estimated that sixty thousand were in the St. Patrick parade this afternoon.

Call For Bank Report.

Washington, Mar. 17.—The comptroller of the currency calls for national bank settlements at the close of business March fourteenth.

Fire in Peru, Ind.

Peru, Ind., Mar. 17.—Half a square of business houses in the village of Amboy burned; loss \$10,000.

One is never more on trial than in the moment of excessive good fortune.—Lew Wallace.

A man who can love deeply is never utterly contemptible.—Balzac.

WARRANTS ISSUED IN SMALL POX CASES

Dr. Frank Boyd and J. F. Nicholson in One Case.

Dr. Boyd Says There is Not the Slightest Foundation For the Charge Against Him.

ALSO TWO OTHER WARRANTS.

A case that may develop some interesting and unexpected features before it is disposed of by the courts, came to light this afternoon when warrants were issued by Police Judge Sanders against Dr. Frank Boyd and J. F. Nicholson for alleged failing to report a case of smallpox.

Warrants were at the same time issued against two negroes named Griffin, who run a boarding house at Second and Clark streets, for alleged wilfully concealing the existence of smallpox.

Health Officer W. T. Graves was at the city hall this morning and furnished the information on which the warrants are based. The warrants themselves were not issued until this afternoon, before which time Dr. Boyd had heard of the proceeding and gone to the city hall and acknowledged service, no bond being required.

Dr. Boyd said to a reporter that the warrant is most unjust towards him, as he has never concealed a single case of smallpox, and would not do it. He said the facts could easily have been ascertained by the health officer.

"All I know about this case," Dr. Boyd said, "is that several weeks ago Mr. Nicholson sent for me. I found him in his home over Smith's barber shop on South Third street, near Broadway, suffering from headache, and fever and as we often do in such cases, asked him if he had been exposed to smallpox. He said he had not, asked me why, and I jokingly told him that if he had been exposed I might think he was taking smallpox. I instructed him to send for me the following day if he was no better, and he said he would.

"I never heard from him again, and never called on him or treated him. The next time I saw him was a short time ago, when he called me and asked me if I remembered what I had told him, and when I did not, he reminded me that I asked him if he had been exposed to smallpox. He then told me that two or three days later he broke out with the disease, and didn't let anyone know anything about it. He said he had it two or three weeks, and when he got well burned a large quantity of sulphur in his room, and had taken other precautions for fumigating the premises. I told him he had violated the law in not reporting it when he discovered he had smallpox and could be handled for it, but it wasn't my duty to make a report of what he told me, and which I didn't know to be true. I was not the man's doctor and knew no more about his having smallpox than the health officer. This is all there is to the case, and I don't understand why a man should be treated in such a manner as this when the most cursory investigation would have shown that there were not the slightest grounds for getting a warrant against me."

In the charge against the negroes, the city seems to have a sure case. The health officer states that a negro who was recently taken to the pest house told them that he knew where "there's some moab, but dey wants to keep it quiet."

He finally said it was in Griffin's boarding house at Second and Clark and there they found Bud Ellis with a fully developed case.

Mr. Nicholson is a well-known insurance man who has been living over the barber shop for sometime past.

Mr. Nicholson was this afternoon arrested by Officer Johnson and gave bond. The cases will come up tomorrow morning.

In Dr. Boyd's case a mistake has evidently been made, and he will easily show that he knew nothing about Mr. Nicholson having smallpox.

These cases are the first of their kind in quite a while. There has been a great deal of complaint in regard to smallpox cases not being reported, and of violating quarantine

THE MILITIA SAVED ALLEGED MURDERER

He Killed Two Children After Assaulting the Girl.

New York Has a Plague of Meningitis—Virginia Negro Sang as He Dropped to His Doom.

DEATH OF CIRCUS "WILD MAN."

West Chester, Pa., Mar. 17.—A company of militia and police guarded the Jail last night. It was rumored a mob would attempt to lynch Ricardo Forette, held as a result of the murder at Howellville, of the little Deluca children. Forette refuses to talk.

Meningitis Plague.

New York, Mar. 17.—An incipient plague of spinal meningitis is on here and Health Commissioner Arlington has been allowed seventy-five thousand dollars to investigate the causes. There were eighty-seven deaths last week.

Sang as He Was Hanged.

Covington, Va., Mar. 17.—Robert Bowles, colored, was hanged here today for the murder of John Huff, at Clifton Forge. He went through the trap singing.

Wild Man of Borneo Dead.

Waltham, Mass., Mar. 17.—Henry Davis, one of Barnum's original "Wild Man of Borneo," is dead here from old age. He was less than three feet tall, a Malay, and was found with his twin brother in Borneo.

Mortorman Suicided.

New York, Mar. 17.—Thomas Griffin, a striking motorman, who was refused his old place on the elevated, suicided at Jersey City.

WERE SWORN IN.

County Committeemen Were On Hand at the Court House.

A meeting of the Democratic county committee was held at the county court house this afternoon, and lasted only about twenty minutes. There were twenty out of thirty-five committeemen present. Chairman W. A. Derry stated that "inasmuch as the Republicans had raised the question of their having to be sworn in, the members would be sworn in. He said he did not think it necessary, but that to be on the safe side it would be done. The committeemen were then sworn in. Deputy County Clerk Ashbrook administering the oath.

The committee then, ratified everything that the subcommittee and the committee as a whole had previously done, including the calling of the primary for March 30. A number of changes of precinct officers were ratified.

The funny part of the meeting was the effort of the chairman to put off on the Republicans the responsibility for the ignorance of the Democratic committeemen in not knowing that they had to be sworn in. The Republicans didn't even know they hadn't been sworn in until the call for the meeting for today had been made, and it was talked about on the quiet that it was to swear in the committeemen and ratify what had already been done.

TODAY'S MARKETS

| Wheat— | Open. | Close. |
|--------------|----------|--------|
| May | 1.13 1/4 | 1.14 |
| July | 91 1/2 | 92 1/2 |
| Corn— | | |
| May | 49 1/2 | 49 1/2 |
| July | 49 1/2 | 49 1/2 |
| Oats— | | |
| May | 31 1/2 | 32 |
| July | 31 1/2 | 31 1/2 |
| Pork— | | |
| May | 12.80 | 12.85 |
| July | 12.97 | 13.00 |
| Cotton— | | |
| May | 7.76 | 7.73 |
| July | 7.71 | 7.70 |
| Aug. | 7.72 | 7.73 |
| Oct. | 7.78 | 7.77 |
| Stocks— | | |
| L. & N. | 1.43 | 1.42 |
| I. C. | 1.62 | 1.61 |

regulations after cases have been reported and a quarantine established, and the health authorities are determined to stop it.

COLORADO FRAUDS ELOQUENTLY REBUKED

Gov. Peabody Seated by the State Legislature Yesterday.

He Will Resign in Favor of Lieutenant Governor—Adams Retires.

Denver, Mar. 17.—James H. Peabody won his contest for the governorship from which he retired January 10, after serving a term of two years, but this victory was achieved only after he had given his pledge to resign and surrender the chair to Lieut. Gov. McDonald. The vote in joint convention of the general assembly by which Adams was ousted and Peabody installed was 51 to 41.

It was more in the nature of a party than a personal triumph, for both Peabody and McDonald are Republicans, and Adams is a Democrat.

Although the Republican majority on joint ballot is 35, it had been found impossible to gain for Peabody enough Republican votes to re-instate him as governor for the remainder of the term ending January, 1907.

Twenty-two Republican members, according to report, refused to be bound by any action in caucus in the contest, and entered into a compact not to vote for Peabody. A majority of them, however, were in favor of seating the lieutenant governor in the governor's chair if means could be found to do so legally. Finally, the leaders of the opposing Republican factions arranged a compromise by which Peabody would be vindicated by being declared elected and McDonald be made governor.

Peabody's resignation, it is said, was placed in the hands of W. S. Boynton, and will be filed by him with the secretary of state today.

Adams, who had spent the day packing his effects, surrendered his office to Peabody shortly after five yesterday afternoon. Scores of letters, telegrams, and telephone messages had reached the executive

chamber during the day urging Adams to hold his seat by force but he decided to ignore this advice. In conversation, he said he felt outraged at the action of the general assembly and expressed surprise that Peabody should become a party to what he termed a conspiracy to secure the office of governor for a man who had no claim whatever to the place.

Governor Peabody was escorted before the joint assembly by a committee after the adoption of the report and resolutions restoring him to the office of governor. He was greeted with cheers. The oath was administered by Chief Justice Gabbert. Peabody thanked the members of the legislature for having "done their duty." He said his election would do away once for all with criminal elections and if this end was attained great good would come to the state.

Peabody, accompanied by Adjutant General Bell and a number of friends, went directly to the governor's chamber after the conclusion of the inauguration ceremony. Adams had left when Peabody arrived, but the retiring governor's private secretary, Alfred Patek, was still in the office. Peabody introduced himself to Patek, remarking that he had been seated as governor and offered to shake hands.

Patek drew back and uttered a contemptuous remark, which caused Col. Cross to seize Patek and demand that he repeat the remark. Before Patek could reply, Bell separated the men.

Peabody remained in the office about twenty minutes, receiving congratulations from many callers.

GIANT TREES TORN LOOSE.

Rushing Torrents Eating Government Locks in Kentucky River.

Louisville, Ky., Mar. 17.—A special from Winchester, Ky., says:

The break in the Kentucky river near Ford, this county, grows wider, and a channel fully 100 yards wide is filled with a rushing torrent that is rapidly eating into the south bank of the government locks.

Water has ceased to flow over the dam, as the current of the river is going through the new channel. Giant trees of a century's growth are torn loose and carried away. One of the government buildings at the locks fell into the river today and the others are in danger. Conservative estimates place the damage thus far at \$200,000. Back water from the dam at Valley View no longer extends to Ford, as the river has also cut a channel through the dam at that point, where the damage is estimated at \$50,000.

FORTY-TWO KILLED.

Sharp Engagement Between the Turks and Bulgarians.

Salonica, European Turkey, Mar. 17.—The report that Apostel, the notorious Bulgarian leader, has been killed is confirmed. A sharp engagement took place between 500 Turkish infantry and cavalry and a strong band of Bulgarians at the village of Smola, near Ghevryell. The Bulgarians were defeated with a loss of forty-two killed, including Apostel. The Turks lost three men killed and had eight wounded.

Found a Floater.

Evansville, Ind., Mar. 17.—The body of a white man was found floating in the Ohio river at Newburg, Ind. It had been in the water several days. A bruise on the jaw indicates he was murdered.

Cairo Woman Attempts Suicide.

Vincennes, Ind., Mar. 17.—Mrs. James O'Hare, wife of a theatrical performer, of Cairo, Ill., made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide at Hotel Boog. She alleges her husband was cruel.

CUTE LITTLE CASTRO

WANTS TO INVADE THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

President of Venezuela Would Invade Us—Wouldn't This Make You Laugh?

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Mar. 17.—According to trustworthy advices received here the situation in Venezuela is unchanged, both internally and as to foreign affairs, except that relations between President Castro and the various legations at Caracas are a little more strained. Castro has now ceased to talk with European representatives concerning Venezuelan indebtedness and the recent recall of Antonio Velutini, who has been in Europe endeavoring to settle with the British and German bondholders, is regarded as an indication that the negotiations have failed.

Castro maintains his belligerent attitude and continues to make military preparations. He apparently regards an attack on Porto Cabello and Laguaira as probable and has mounted six new French six-inch guns and a number of small guns on the heights overlooking these ports and has available three small coast defense vessels.

It is said a majority of Venezuelans look upon the possibility of foreign intervention either with indifference or favorably, as present internal conditions are causing much unrest.

Castro's attitude is reflected in a pamphlet just issued through one of his advisors in which plans for sending thirty thousand Venezuelans against New Orleans are disclosed. The pamphlet urges the public to avenge the insults offered Venezuela by Americans and declares the invasion of the Mississippi valley would be the most effective means of curbing the power of the United States.

Heaven and earth fight in vain against a dunce.—Schiller.